

Figure 5.1 Common Hitching Devices

Coordinating Conjunctions	Subordinating Conjunctions	Conjunctive Adverbs	Relative Pronouns
and, but, so, or/nor, yet, for	as, although, after, because, before, if, until, unless, while, when, since	however moreover furthermore therefore consequently thus	that, which, when, who, whom, what, where, why, how, whichever, whatever, etc.
Can join two independent clauses to make a compound sentence. Warning: You <i>must</i> use a comma with these when they join independent clauses.	Can hitch up to an independent clause, creating a subordinate (dependent) clause, forming a complex sentence. Can appear after main clause (no comma) or before main clause (needs a comma).	Can move within own clause; require commas on both sides Warning: You <i>must</i> use a semi-colon with these when they join clauses.	Can join clauses Warning: Many sentence fragments begin with these words. Usually, you must hitch these words and the clauses that they introduce to your previous sentence.